3. In your heart and on your lips The Liturgy of the Word

The word of the Lord. Thanks be to God.



In spirit and in truth material for small groups

Leader

In spirit and in truth

Welcome

Listen to Scripture

esus, being aware that his disciples were complaining about it, said to them, 'Does this offend you? Then what if you were to see the Son of Man ascending to where he was before? It is the spirit that gives life; the flesh is useless. The words that I have spoken to you are spirit and life. But among you there are some who do not believe.' For Jesus knew from the first who were the ones that did not believe, and who was the one that would betray him. And he said, 'For this reason I have told you that no one can come to me unless it is granted by the Father.' Because of this many of his disciples turned back and no longer went about with him. So Jesus asked the twelve, 'Do you also wish to go away?' Simon Peter answered him, 'Lord, to whom can we go? You have the words of eternal life. We have come to believe and know that you are the Holy One of God.'

John 6:62-69

Our Experience

- How does God speak to us through this Word today?
- What 'light' does the Word bring into our lives?

Listen to Scripture How does God speak...?

Possible responses

- a phrase from the readings will come to me during the week
- I like to prepare the readings before Mass - then I seem to be more receptive
- I can be surprised how right a reading is for me

Possible supplementary questions:

• What difference does it make hearing the reading proclaimed rather than reading it?

What light...?

Possible responses

- A good homily helps
- Some times it takes time; some time I don't get anything.
- Some weeks I think about last time I heard this reading and how much has changed since then.

Possible supplementary questions:

- Do we allow the Word to penetrate and speak into the circumstances of our lives?
- What makes a good homily?

In spirit and in truth



Read & Reflect

- Choose which 'Experience' and ' Read & Reflect' section to engage with:
- The Acclamation at the end of the Readings
- The Nicene Creed
- The Prayer of the Faithful

Use BOBOSC

The following video excerpts may be helpful: Celebrating the Eucharist > About the Liturgy of the Wor

About the Liturgy of the Word (3:50)

Crafting the Art of Liturgy > Acolytes, Lectors and Readers

Exploring the Mass > Theological Reflections section - Word and Table (3:28)

Receiving the English Translation > Renewed focus on Scripture (2:56)

Read & Reflect 1

Acclamation at the end of the Readings

The word of the Lord. Thanks be to God. The Gospel of the Lord. Praise to you, Lord Jesus Christ.

Celebrating the Mass

- 152 The chosen people entered into a special covenant with God at Sinai, a covenant that was renewed and fulfilled on Calvary. By hearing the word proclaimed in worship, the faithful again enter into the unending dialogue between God and the covenant people, a dialogue sealed in the sharing of the Eucharistic food. The mean of Communion is proclaimed in the word; the message of Scripture is made actual once again in the Communion banquet. The proclamation of the word is thus integral to the Mass and at its very heart.
- 153 ...For in the readings God speaks with his people, opening up to them the mystery of redemption and salvation and nourishing their spirit – Christ himself is present in the midst of the faithful through his Word'....
- 154 The Lectionary for Mass, revised at the direction of the Second Vatican Council, has opened up the treasures of the Bible, so that richer fare might be provided for the faithful at the table of God's word. The Introduction to the Lectionary speaks extensively of the place of the word of God in the plan of salvation and in the life of the Church. All who share in the ministry of the word will want to study this introduction and take its teachings to heart.

For Discussion 1

- Liturgy of the Word how do we take part?
- How do you experience Christ's present in our midst in the different elements of the Liturgy of the Word: proclamation from Sacred Scripture, chants in between, silence, the homily, the Profession of Faith (Creed), and Prayer of the Faithful?

How do we take part?

Possible responses

• Listening, responding, singing, praying, standing, thinking

Possible supplementary questions:

- What helps?
- What hinders?

How do you experience Christ's presence...?

Possible responses

- In the words
- In the minister
- In all of us together
- In the stories that speak to us

Possible supplementary questions:

• In the acclamation following the proclamation of the Word, what difference does it make leaving 'this is' out? How does it help us to realise the living-active nature of the proclaimed Word?

In spirit and in truth Read & Reflect 2

Read & Reflect 2

NICENE CREED

I believe in one God, the Father almighty, maker of heaven and earth, of all things visible and invisible. I believe in one Lord Jesus Christ, the Only Begotten Son of God, born of the Father before all ages. God from God, Light from Light, true God from true God, begotten, not made, consubstantial with the Father; through him all things were made. For us men and for our salvation he came down from heaven,

At the words that follow up to and including and became man, all bow. and by the Holy Spirit was incarnate of the Virgin Mary, and became man.

For our sake he was crucified under Pontius Pilate, he suffered death and was buried, and rose again on the third day in accordance with the Scriptures. He ascended into heaven and is seated at the right hand of the Father. He will come again in glory to judge the living and the dead and his kingdom will have no end.

I believe in the Holy Spirit, the Lord, the giver of life, who proceeds from the Father and the Son, who with the Father and the Son is adored and glorified, who has spoken through the prophets.

I believe in one, holy, catholic and apostolic Church. I confess one Baptism for the forgiveness of sins and I look forward to the resurrection of the dead and the life of the world to come. Amen.

For Discussion 2

- What strikes you about the new translation?
- What does it mean to you 'to profess faith'?
- With whom are you united or connected when you say the Creed?

3. Liturgy of the Word

What strikes you...

Possible responses

- It is the same but different
- It is easy to go back to the old translation if you do not concentrate
- I like to say that this is what I believe
- I like the idea of bowing your head

Possible supplementary questions

• next question

What does it mean to you 'to profess faith'?

Possible responses

- to proclaim what we believe?
- How is it linked to professional?
- I am not sure what everything means but saying it together gives me faith

Possible supplementary questions

• Does the new translation affect your beliefs in any way? How?

Who are you united or connected with when you say the Creed?

Possible responses

- the nieces and nephews I have been Godparent to
- Everyone present
- People who have died for their faith
- Those who gave me faith

Possible supplementary questions

• How does it feel to pray 'I believe', one in faith with all who are making this profession of faith? How does this echo with our baptismal promises?

Read & Reflect 3

Read & Reflect 3

The Prayer of the Faithful

Celebrating the Mass

- 171. Enlightened and moved by God's word, the assembly exercises its priestly function by interceding for all humanity. Because "the joy and hope, the struggle and anguish of the people of this age and especially of the poor and those suffering in any way are the joy and hope, the struggle and anguish of Christ's disciples," the Church prays not just for its own needs but for the salvation of the world, for civil authorities, for those oppressed by any burden, and for the local community, particularly those who are sick or who have died.
- 172. Thus, even though the intercessions may be quite concrete or particular in content, they should always look beyond the concerns of the local assembly to the needs of the whole Church and of the wider world. They are a sign of the communion of the particular assembly with all other assemblies and with the universal Church.
- 173. The priest celebrant directs the prayer from the chair. He briefly invites the people to pray, and at the end he draws their intercessions together in a brief concluding prayer with a short doxology. The intentions are proposed by a deacon, a cantor, reader, other minister, or members of the assembly at the ambo or another suitable place. After each intention, the faithful respond by silent prayer or a common response or both. They affirm the concluding prayer of the priest with their Amen.

3. Liturgy of the Word

For Discussion 3

- Why do we have the Prayer of the Faithful to conclude the Liturgy of the Word?
- Why is it important to connect the community with the wider Church and the world and pray for these needs at this point?

Why do we have...?

Possible responses

- The readings have spoken to us and now we respond
- To remember those who are not with us
- It prepares us for the Offertory

Possible supplementary questions

• For what or for whom do we usually pray?

Why is it important...?

Possible responses

- We need look beyond ourselves the readings remind us of this
- The Creed reminds us we are part of the whole Church
- A good homily will connect what is happening in the world with what we have heard — the prayers continue this/

Possible supplementary questions

• Who prepares the Prayer and how?

In spirit and in truth



Act

See Notes

Two sets of questions are given. The first is for the preparatory period before September. The second for use from September.

Act

- Prepare for next Sunday by taking time to read and open your heart quietly to the Gospel. Reflect afterwards: What difference does this make? Could you do this every week? Is there any one or any group with whom you could prepare the Sunday Readings?
- Pray the new translation of the Nicene Creed slowly and carefully this week. Notice: What difference, if any, does this make to praying the Creed with your community at Sunday Mass?
- Consider who in the community and the wider world needs our prayer – given the guidelines above, try writing 4 short petitions for a Sunday coming up as the Parish 'Prayer of the Faithful'



Prayer

Do you believe in God, the Father almighty, Creator of heaven and earth?

I do.

Do you believe in Jesus Christ, his only Son, our Lord, who was born of the Virgin Mary, suffered death and was buried, rose again from the dead and is seated at the right hand of the Father?

I do.

Do you believe in the Holy Spirit, the holy Catholic Church, the communion of saints, the forgiveness of sins, the resurrection of the body, and life everlasting?

I do.

Easter Vigil: Renewal of Baptismal Promises

Prayer

See Notes.

Gather

- Light a candle(s) and/or time of silence: In the name of the Father... Let us begin our time of prayer with a few moments silence.
- Sing a song or chant about the word or Jesus (for example the refrain *Praise to you*, *O Christ our Saviour* or *Litany of the Word*).

Listen

- to the Gospel reading again
- Sing an Alleluia

Respond

- Renew baptismal promises
- Pray for the world, the Church, your community and the sick and the needy

Sending Forth

- Leader: The Lord bless us, and keep us from all evil, and bring us to everlasting life.
- All: Amen

Excerpts from the Roman Missal @ 2010 International Commission on English in the Liturgy, Inc. All rights reserved.

The *New Revised Standard Version* (Anglicized Edition), copyright 1989, 1995 by the Division of Christian Education of the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the United States of America. Used by permission. All rights reserved.

One of a series of resources produced by the Liturgy Office of the Bishops' Conference to accompany the introduction of the 3rd edition of the *Roman Missal*© 2011 Catholic Bishops' Conference of England and Wales. [S003] www.missal.org.uk

